Docket Number: EMC-02-119-CIP2

Applicants: Glade et al.

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What is claimed is:

1. A method for managing use of memory in a system of one or more storage area

networks including an intelligent multi-protocol switch (IMPS) combined with a

storage and switch controller including at least one microprocessor and a disk

array for storing meta-data related to the plurality of data storage volumes such

that the one or more data storage networks are managed by the controller using

the meta-data and by controlling the IMPS, wherein the method comprises the

steps of:

using memory in the controller to supplement the memory of the IMPS by

storing in the IMPS a subset of a full set of extent maps for data volumes handled

by the IMPS, and storing protection maps in the memory of the controller that

mark edges of unmapped regions of the data volumes then selectively loading

more than the subset of extent maps in the IMPS in response to host access to the

data volumes.

2. The method of claim 1, wherein if host I/O access to a marked region is noted as

being sequential then additional extent maps that complement the subset of the

full set of extent maps are loaded to the IMPS by the controller.

3. The method of claim 1, wherein host I/O access requests related to data volumes

for which no extent maps are loaded are handled by loading the map from the

controller to the IMPS.

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4. The method of claim 1, wherein the controller uses host I/O access data

collected from the IMPS to determine which data to replace in its memory.

5. The method of claim 1, wherein if stored extent maps have become fragmented a

process is triggered to reduce the fragmentation.

6. The method of claim 2, wherein if host I/O access to a marked region is noted as

being sequential then additional extent maps that complement the subset of the

full set of extent maps are loaded to the IMPS by the controller.

7. The method of claim 2, wherein host I/O access requests related to data volumes

for which no extent maps are loaded are handled by loading the map from the

controller to the IMPS.

8. The method of claim 2, wherein the controller uses host I/O access data collected

from the IMPS to determine which data to replace in its memory.

9. The method of claim 2, wherein if stored extent maps have become fragmented a

process is triggered to reduce the fragmentation.

10. A system for managing use of memory in a storage area network management

system, the system comprising an intelligent multi-protocol switch (IMPS)

combined with a storage and switch controller including at least one

microprocessor and a disk array for storing meta-data related to the plurality of

data storage volumes such that the one or more data storage networks are

managed by the controller using the meta-data and by controlling the IMPS,

wherein the system is configured for managing use of the memory by using

memory in the controller to supplement the memory of the IMPS by storing in

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the IMPS a subset of a full set of extent maps for data volumes handled by the

IMPS, and storing protection maps in the memory of the controller that mark

edges of unmapped regions of the data volumes then selectively loading more

than the subset of extent maps in the IMPS in response to host access to the data

volumes.

11. The system of claim 10, wherein if host I/O access to a marked region is noted as

being sequential then additional extent maps that complement the subset of the

full set of extent maps are loaded to the IMPS by the controller.

12. The system of claim 10, wherein host I/O access requests related to data volumes

for which no extent maps are loaded are handled by loading the map from the

controller to the IMPS.

13. The system of claim 10, wherein the controller uses host I/O access data

collected from the IMPS to determine which data to replace in its memory.

14. The system of claim 10, wherein if stored extent maps have become fragmented

a process is triggered to reduce the fragmentation.

15. The system of claim 11, wherein if host I/O access to a marked region is noted as

being sequential then additional extent maps that complement the subset of the

full set of extent maps are loaded to the IMPS by the controller.

16. The system of claim 11, wherein host I/O access requests related to data volumes

for which no extent maps are loaded are handled by loading the map from the

controller to the IMPS.

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17. The system of claim 11, wherein the controller uses host I/O access data

collected from the IMPS to determine which data to replace in its memory.

18. The system of claim 11, wherein if stored extent maps have become fragmented

a process is triggered to reduce the fragmentation.

19. A program product for managing use of memory in a system of one or more

storage area networks including an intelligent multi-protocol switch (IMPS)

combined with a storage and switch controller including at least one

microprocessor and a disk array for storing meta-data related to the plurality of

data storage volumes such that the one or more data storage networks are

managed by the controller using the meta-data and by controlling the IMPS,

wherein the program product includes computer-executable code encoded on a

computer-readable medium for executing the steps of:

using memory in the controller to supplement the memory of the IMPS by

storing in the IMPS a subset of a full set of extent maps for data volumes handled

by the IMPS, and storing protection maps in the memory of the controller that

mark edges of unmapped regions of the data volumes then selectively loading

more than the subset of extent maps in the IMPS in response to host access to the

data volumes.